

# **EPSILON INWARD GLIDER DOOR SYSTEM**



**COMMONLY FITTED FROM 2007 ON POPULAR VEHICLES:** 

Optare METROCITY, SOLO SE SF FF, TEMPO, VERSA

- SERVICE & ROUTINE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES
- SENSITIVE EDGE SETTINGS & CHECKS
- PNEUMATIC CYLINDERS, FILTER REGS & VALVES DATA
- AIR BLEED & PRESSURE APPLIED ELE/PNEU CIRCUITS
- ELEC/PNEU SYSTEM- FAULT FINDING

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Email: sales@transportdoorsolutions.co.uk Web: www.transportdoorsolutions.co.uk



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Date: 18/12/2024 @ Rev.2

INST-100M-004

# INTRODUCTION **EPSILON INWARD GLIDING DOORS SYSTEM**

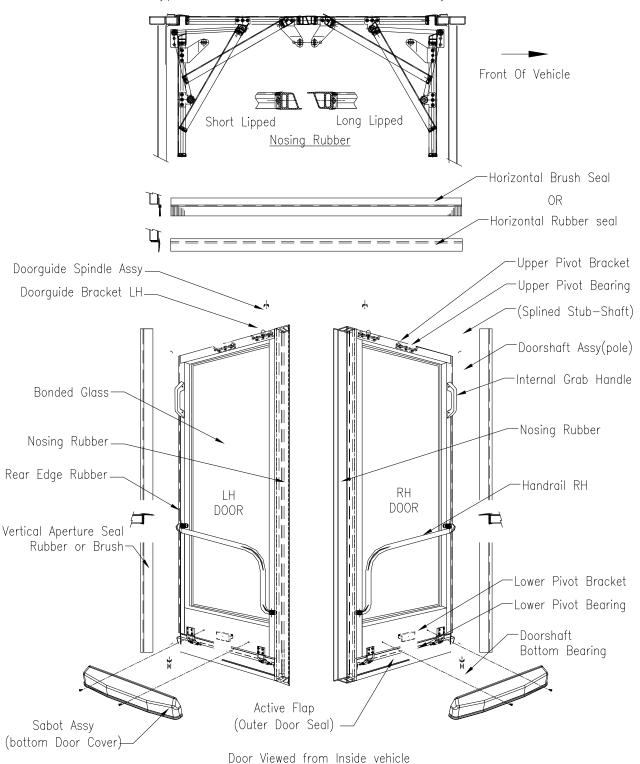
Transport Door Solutions door system is a most durable system. By drawing on technology gained worldwide on both bus and rail, Transport Door Solutions have created doors for the P.S.V. market that are tough, reliable, maintainable, easy to install The doors utilise specially designed aluminium extrusions, which make them more resistant to damage and vandalism. The basic overall design allows easy installation and adjustment which means lower installation and maintenance costs. Control systems include: Pneumatic, Electro-Pneumatic or Electric.

Configuration: Single or Double Door Systems

Movement: Doors will glide inboard of aperture, either finishing inside or protrude outside of vehicle. **Applications:** For entrance (front) & Exit (mid) for embark or disembark on off side or nearside of vehicle.

**Control Options:** Pneumatic, Electric or Manual means of operation. Material & Finish: Aluminium extrusion construction & powder coated.

Typical Double Glider Doors Movement Layout



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### DOOR SHELFPLATE PNEUMATIC DRIVE UNITS

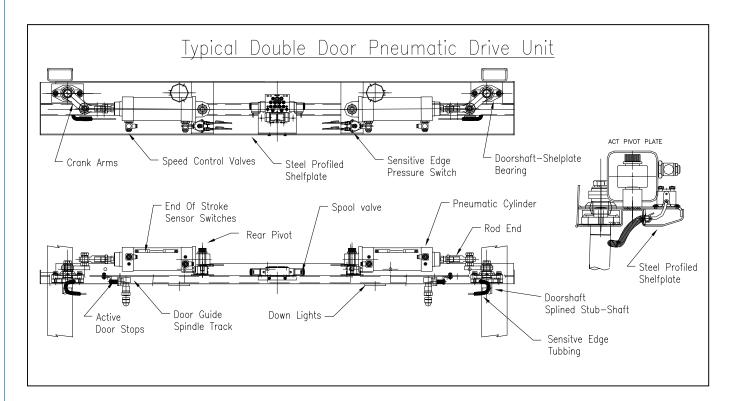
Configuration: For Double & Single Door Systems

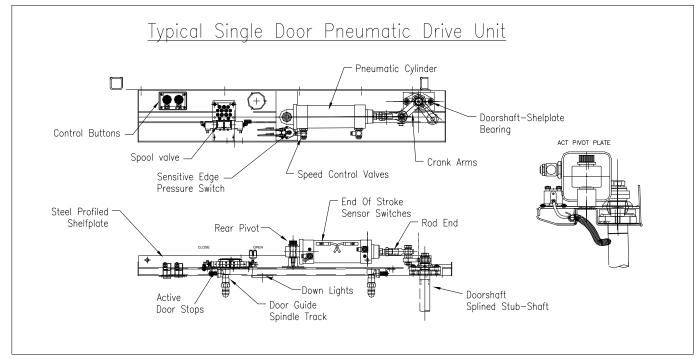
**Applications:** For entrance (front) & Exit (mid) for embark or disembark on off side or nearside of vehicle.

- A. Doors that glides inboard of aperture, either finishing inside or protrude outside of vehicle.
- B, Doors that fold inboard of aperture, either finishing inside or protrude outside of vehicle.
- C. Doors will move outboard towards the front or rear of the aperture, and finish close to side of the vehicle.

**Control Options:** Pneumatic, Electric or Manual means of operation.

Material & Finish: Mild steel construction & powder coated.







# **ROUTINE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES** FOR PNEUMATIC GLIDER DOOR SYSTEMS

The following is the recommended minimum routine maintenance required for power operated door systems. It is important that any components found to be damaged or defective are replaced as soon as practically possible. Failure to do so could result in further damage to other components.

1.0		Daily Checks
1.1		Check that the movement of all door leaves & active flaps are all running smoothly and free and should be
		within the operating speed/cushioning guide lines. For Opening fully in 2.0 to 3.0 seconds & Closing fully in 2.5 to 3.5 seconds.
1.2		
1.3		Check for loose door handrails & grab handles. If found to be loose must be corrected
1.4		Check for loose door leaves in the fully close and open positions a good holding force (min 150N to 200N)
1.5		Check Sensitive Edge or Sensadoor operation on all door leaves (if fitted).
1.6		Check Functionality of all push buttons/dump valves and emergency opening handle (if fitted).
1.7		Cleaning Guidelines.
1.	7.1	It is recommended exterior door surfaces are washed regularly to remove dirt and other impurities, please <b>DO NOT</b> use high pressure washers.
1.	7.2 7.3	Soft brushes must be used for a gentle cleaning process.
1.	7.4	Warm mild soapy water or similar gentle cleaning solution to be used. <b>DO NOT</b> use aggressive cleaning chemicals, as this can cause rubbers to stick together.
1.	7.5	
2.0		Six Monthly Initial Inspection.
2.1		Repeat "Daily Check " as above.
2.2		Check filter regulator output pressure. Nominal 6.0bar to 6.5bar (87-95psi)
2.2	Ш	Check filter regulator for contamination from vehicle air supply. Drain the bowl if any water is present, replace or
2 /		clean (with warm soapy water only) the filter element as appropriate if dirty or replace complete filter/reg assy Inspect the pneumatic system for leaks, ensure all pipes & connectors, fittings are free of damage and are all
2.4	Ш	fully pushed home into the fittings/connectors.
2.5	П	Operate the doors to check door alignment in the fully CLOSE positions against aperture seals and doors in the
	_	fully OPEN in a firm position, under pressure. Adjust cylinder / actuator drive linkage if required. (Doorstops, if fitted, are correctly adjusted to stop doors when in the fully open position).
		Note when in the open or close position NO distortion (excessive load) should occur to the Door guide Spindle
2.6	Ш	Inspect condition of the door guide roller & spindle assembly, replace if worn or damaged. Also check the
		running clearance approx. 2.0mm-3.0mm top of guide roller to the guide channel on the underside of shelfplate also should be dry and free from grease.
2.7		Check doorframes for paint cracks and chips. Repair damaged areas with appropriate powder coat
		compatible paint.
3.0		Six Monthly Manual Inspection.
S	AFE	TY NOTE: Before any initial checks are undertaken, release all the air from the door system via the filter regulator located near the shelfplate or dump valve
3.1		Before commencing any inspection check internal area of shelfplate system for dirt, oil & dust. Clean as
		necessary to be removed. (Note: Do not use aggressive cleaning chemicals.)
3.2		Inspect all mechanical linkages for wear – tear also movement to be free & smooth: door pivot bearings,
		cylinder rod ends, active flap springs/bearings
3.3		Check the condition of the shelfplate drive linkage rod end bearings. Replace if more than 0.5mm free play.
3.4		Inspect all electrical cables/plugs have a good connections and are free from damaged.
3.5	Ш	Note. Because the open & close reed switches are magnetic sensors. Always keep them free from ferrous dust
3.6		as this can distort or impede the signal therefore giving false readings. Check that reed switches are secure. Check tightness of all bolted screws. Tighten if loose.
5.0	ш	Chook agricioss of all police sofews. Fighter II 100sc.

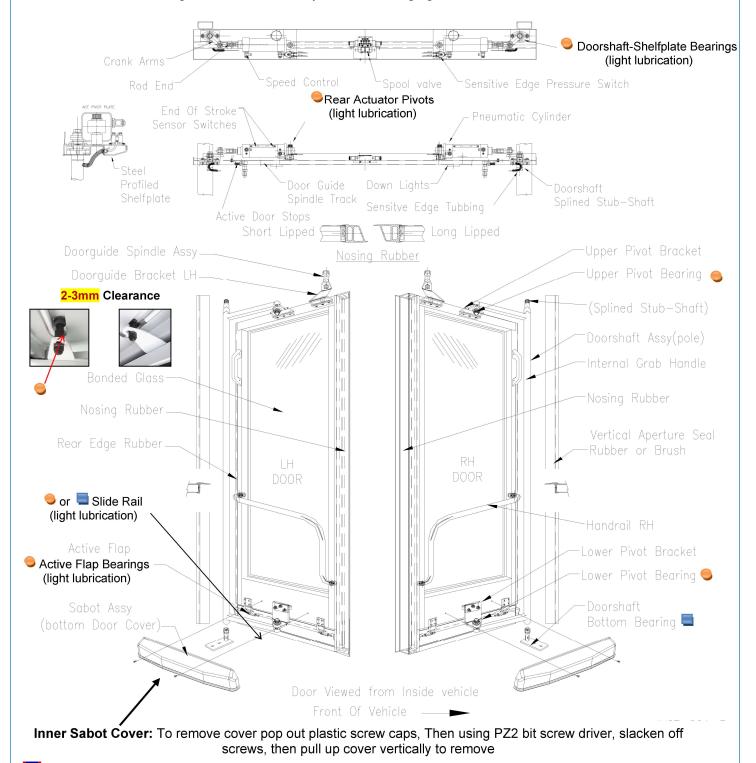


### 3.7 Inspection of Doorshafts (pillar tubes)

- 3.7.1  $\square$  Check condition of doorshafts top spherical flange bearing mounted on shelfplate, Replace if more than 0.5mm free play and ensure pillar tube shaft rotates with self-aligning bearing.
  - M8 fixing screw are tight also M12 retaining bolt is secure to elemate upward movement of doorshaft.
- 3.7.2 
  Check condition of doorshafts bottom bearing. Replace if more than 2mm horizontal movement
- 3.7.3  $\square$  Check condition of doorshafts upper and lower arms bearings on the end of arms. Replace if more than 0.5mm
- 3.7.4 Check tightness of all bolted-screws. Tighten if loose

### 4.0 Six Monthly Lubrication as required

- = = Denotes **Grease** Lubrication. Use Corrosion Block high performance (Blue in colour). long-lasting, non-drying, excellent salt water resistance, (Alternatives: K2EP (Red) Morris long life grease)
- = Denotes Spray Lubrication. Use AC90 spray, TF2 (with Teflon surface protection) spray or GT85 spray.
  Do not get any lubricates on any surface where you might stand or tread.
- \* Do Not Use WD40 Original for lubrication only use as cleaning agent

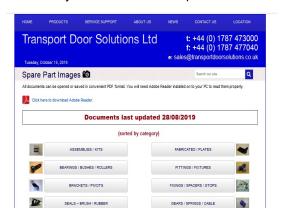


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# FOR SPARES OR REPLACEMENT PARTS

See TDS website for latest spare part image sheets > www.transportdoorsolutions.co.uk/spare-parts-images Sorted by product category and door system location: sheflplate or door leaf kit



### **Recommended Lubricants**

Grease Lubrication. Use Corrosion Block high performance (Blue in colour).

long-lasting, non-drying, excellent salt water resistance, (Alternatives: K2EP (Red) Morris long life grease)

Spray Lubrication. Use AC90 spray, TF2 (with Teflon surface protection) spray or GT85 spray.

Do not get any lubricates on any surface where you might stand or tread.



# TYPICAL TOOL REQUIREMENTS



SPANNERS	ALLEN KEYS
Open & Closed Ended size in mm	Hex & Ball Nose Ends size in mm
24, 23, 22, 19, 17, 16, 15,14 13,12, 10, 8, 7, 4, A/F	1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 8.0, 12. A/F
Adjustable Spanner	Tee Bar Type
Up To 25mm Opening S-M-L	3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 8.0. A/F
Sockets	
22, 19, 17, 16, 13,12, 10, 8, 7, 4, A/F	





"SCREW DRIVERS BITS"	MISCELLANEOUS
4mm Flat Blade Screwdrivers (S-M-L)	Internal & External Circlip Pliers
No.PZ2 Pozi-Drive Screwdriver	Pliers flat & tapered ends
No.PZ2 Pozi-Drive Bit	Stanley Knife
No.PZ3 Pozi-Drive Bit	Scissors
	Hammer small Combination type



BOLT / SCREW TIGHTENING TORQUE		
M6	12 Nm	
M8	25 Nm	
M10	52 Nm	
M12	94 Nm	
M16	90 Nm	
M20	150 Nm	

NUT TIGHTENING TORQUE			
M6	7 Nm		
M8	17 Nm		
M10	36 Nm		
M12	55 Nm		
M14	80 Nm		
M16	120 Nm		



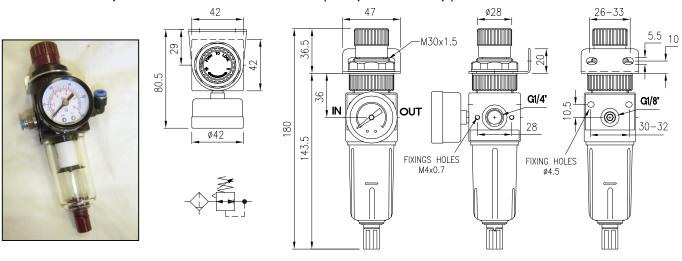
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# TYPICAL PNEUMATIC FILTER REGULATORS

High performance, sensitive unit with rolling diaphragm and with high flow rate, Lockable safety knob, over pressure relief function, high level of condensate separation

# **PNE303UG-02** = Modular Filter Regulator Assy.

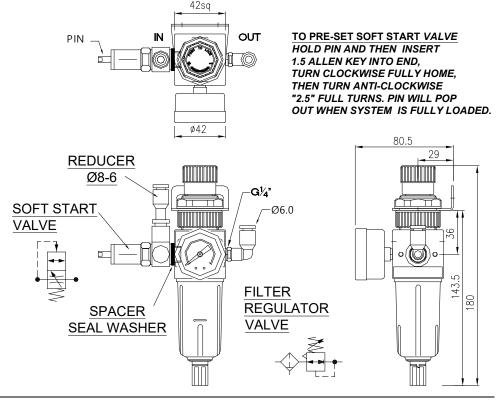
With standard push in 6mm inlets & outlets. (F/R ports=1/4bsp)



# **PNE303UG-10** = Modular Filter Regulator Assy.

With soft start valve and standard push in 6mm or 8mm inlet & 6mm outlets.





### MAINTENANCE INFORMATION

This Unit is designed to operate in clean, dry compressed air systems. When fitting a replacement unit we recommend that the air feed pipes and valve units are checked to ensure they are free of contamination, i.e. oil carries over and water condensation.

These impurities may have possibly caused the deterioration of your original equipment and by following the above checks you can help prolong the service life of this replacement unit.

It is the end users responsibility to check and maintain the quality of their compressed air and any excessive oil/water carries-over and may invalidate the warranty on items designed for use on clean compressed air systems.



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# **TYPICAL PNEUMATIC & ELECTRIC BUTTONS**

### STANDARD FEATURES

Compact envelope size, with maximum depth of 43mm to suit most bodywork structures

Protection to Ip65

Interchangeable pneumatic and electric switches Pneumatic micro switch 3/2 N/C function Pneumatic micro switch 3/2 N/O function Electric micro V3 type switch N/C or N/O function

Lightweight strong construction in non-corrosive material with wipe clean facias

### **OPTIONS**

For Pressure Applied, Air Bleed or Electrical installations

Twin or single switches assemblies

Facias Flush mounted with raised or flush button inserts. Red, Green & black.

Suitable for multi button panel assembly applications

### **ELECTRICAL MICRO SWITCH**

Terminals:

Three 6.3mm quick tab connections

**Electrical Rating:** 

Recommended maximum 10A on 125 or 250Vac

Mechanical Life:

In excess of 10 million operations

Operating Temperature:

-10°C +70°C

### 3/2 PNEUMATIC LIMIT SWITCH

Connections:

2 x Ø4.0mm push in type

**Operating Pressure:** 

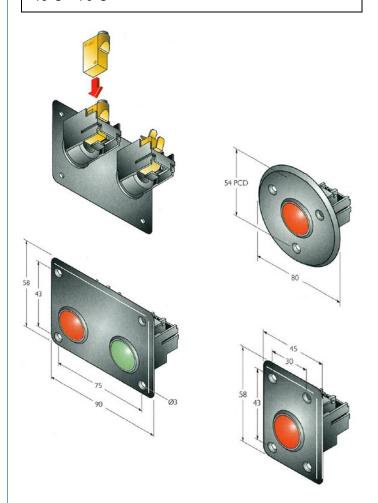
3 to 9 bar

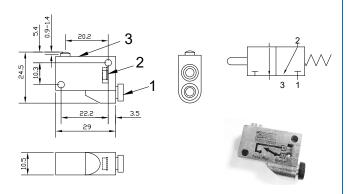
Operating Temperature:

-15°C +60°C

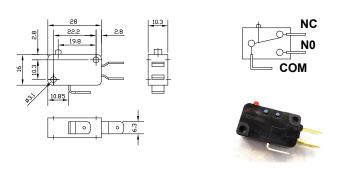
Mechanical Life:

In excess of 10 million operations





### PNEUMATIC 3/2 N/C LIMIT VALVE



**ELECTRICAL MICRO SWITCH** 



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### TYPICAL ELEC/PNEUMATIC SPOOL VALVES FUNCTION

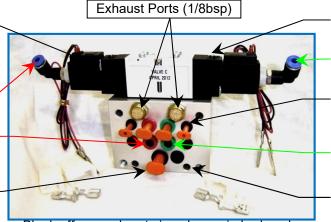
### VAL003U = PRESSURE APPLIED 24V DOUBLE SOLENOID SPOOL VALVE DATA

Coils fitted with led indication & power suppression. Orientate to suit with flying leads & tab connectors

(B) 4mm push in (red) Input from open buttons

6mm push in (red) Outputs to rear of cylinder's

(A) Air supply ports in. 6mm, or 8mm push in.



Blank off unused ports in valve main body only.

Manual override buttons on both sides

(D) 4mm push in (green) Input from close buttons

4 x 4mm push in (black) Outputs for air supply To all push buttons

6mm push in (green) Outputs to front of cylinder's

4xPlain fixing holes for M4 or M5 fixings & 2 x tapped for M6

How PRESSURE APPLIED spool valve works: - With air suppled into valve main body (A) and the door is in the fully close position. With a 4mm BLACK pipe from outlet ports (C) on valve main body to N/C momentary push button valve into port No.1. & then with a single 4mm air pipe RED from button port No.2 input port (B) elbow on the spool valve. By depressing the open button momentarily, air will pilot the chamber causing a pressure to rise and will shunt the spool from one side to the other, this will allow air into cylinder extending the ram to open the door.

As the button is released air from input (B) will exhaust from button port No3. The spool in the chamber will remain in its position until a close push button is momentarily pressed. The cycle then reverses itself.

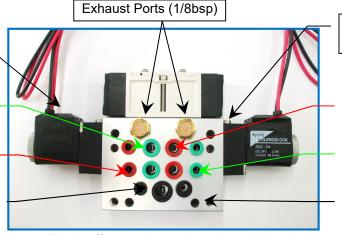
## VAL102U = AIR BLEED 24V DOUBLE SOLENOID SPOOL VALVE DATA

Coils fitted with led indication & power suppression. Orientate to suit with flying leads & tab connectors

6mm push in (green) Outputs to front of cylinder's

4mm push in (red) Output to open buttons '

(A) Air supply ports in. 6mm or 8mm push in & (4mm take off)



Blank off unused ports in valve main body

Manual override buttons on both sides

6mm push in (red) Outputs to rear of cylinder's

4mm push in (green) Input from close buttons

4xPlain fixing holes for M4 or M5 fixings & 2 x tapped for M6

How AIR BLEED spool valve works: - With air suppled into valve main body (A) and the door is in the fully close position, air pressure is maintained in both ends of the spool valve chamber. A single 4mm air pipe RED from outlet port (B) of the valve main body to an N/C momentary push button valve into port No1. By depressing the button momentarily, Air is exhausted from button port No2 the air in the open side of spool valve chamber to atmosphere via the button causing a pressure imbalance and will shift the spool to the left, thus allowing air into cylinder extending the ram to open the door. As the button is releases air pressure will return to the spool valve chamber and the spool will remains in its position until a close push button is momentarily pressed. The cycle then reverses itself.

### **BASIC VALVE SPECIFICATIONS**

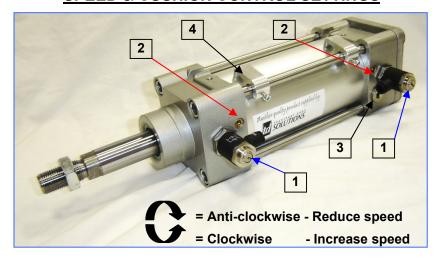
Bridge trieve of Edit 10/1/10/10								
aterials	Coil Specification							
llve Body Die-cast aluminium	Voltage DC 24v(12v) -10% + 15% of rated							
ool Aluminium	Coil Insulation Class F-Class or equivalent							
als NBR	Holding Power 2.5 Watt, for 24/12v. DC							
p Zinc Pressure Die-Cast	Off min. Residual V10% or less							
ot Parts Glass Filled Nylon	Materials							
mature Stainless Steel	Moulding Glass Pressure Nylon							
mature Seals Viton	Indicator Cap Polycarbonate							
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ilv eap o m	Ve Body Die-cast aluminium Vol Aluminium Vols NBR Voluminium Vision Vision Vision Voluminium Vision Vision Voluminium Vision Vision Vision Vision Vision Vision Vision Voluminium Vision							



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# TYPICAL PNEUMATIC CYLINDER SETTING DATA **SPEED & CUSHION CONTROL SETTINGS**



- 1 = Adjustable **flow** controls for open & closing speeds
- 2 = Adjustable **cushion** controls for open & closing damping at end of stroke.
- 3 = 1/8bsp port at end, outlet ports for attaching sensadoor detection valve
- 4 = Universal reed switch brackets x 2

Cylinders by other manufacturers and suppliers will have flow controls as shown below, and some may not be fitted with adjustable cushion but pre-fixed.

### Typical Pneumatic Cylinder (actuator)

Transport Door Solutions pneumatic cylinder comply with ISO 6431 and DIN 24335 for European automotive supply. They are available all having (2 15/32") to give the required thrust. All actuators feature:

- Typical TDS cylinders Ø63mm bores x 100mm stroke double acting actuation
- Adjustable speed regulators for open/close.
- Built in cushioning on open/close.
- Some have built in sensor ports on open/close which enable sensing without interference from cushioning and speed adjustment in both directions.
- Stainless Steel piston rod with extra long threaded 'nose' to accommodate installation tolerances.
- High fibre nitrile seals.
- Maintenance free factory lubricated for up to eight years or two million cycles.
- Effective thrust 1244N (opening), 1092N (closing) at 5 bar.
- Operating temperatures -30°c to +80°c





B=4 TURNS



C=4 TURNS



D=3 TURNS



E=3 TURNS



F=5 TURNS

Example. Speed setting is based on a cylinder with a 63mm bore x 100 stroke:-

1/ Air pressure set @ 6.5bar ±0.5

2/ Double Glider Doors: Cylinders speeds Opening 2.0 to 3.0sec. Closing 2.5 to 3.5sec. 3/ Single Glider Door: Cylinder speeds Opening 2.0 to 3.0sec. Closing 3.0 to 3.5sec.

# CYLINDER SPEEDSETTING (FLOW CONTROLS):-

- (i) Turn clockwise untill fully in.
- (ii) Turn anti-clockwise full turns to suit flow control, as shown above.

### **CUSHION SETTING (END OF STROKE DAMPING):-**

- (i) Turn clockwise untill fully in.
- (ii) Turn anti-clockwise One 1/4 turn
- (iii) Turning anti-clockwise =reduces damping & clockwise will increase damping.

### **IMPORTANT NOTE FOR SPEED & CUSHION CONTROLS**

Cushion Controls=Is a very fine adjustment, if turned clockwise fully in. This will result in stopping piston (ram) from reacting or extending fully.

Speed Controls....=If turned clockwise fully in, this will result in stopping piston (ram) from moving.



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# PISTON ROD END ADJUSTMENT INFORMATION



Fig.1



Fig.2

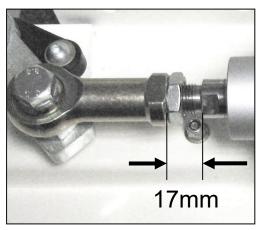


Fig.3

To ensure that the doors are firm against their stops in the fully open position and firm against the aperture (portal) seals in the closed position, you may need to adjust the actuator rod end to suit Fig.1 = Showing various types of rod ends.

Fig.2 =Showing typical pneumatic cylinder facture pre-assembly

Fig.3 =Standard factory setting of rod end

- Release the air pressure from the door system at the filter regulator.
- To make the door firmer against the door-open stops, release the locknut (using an open 24mm spanner) and turn the piston rod anti/counter-clockwise (using an open 17mm spanner) thus increasing the overall length.
- To make the door firmer against the aperture seals in the closed position, release the locknut and turn the piston rod clockwise, thus reducing the overall length.
- Turn on air supply and cycle door to check adjustment was successful. Re-adjust if necessary.
- Once door set-up is satisfactory, tighten lock nut to 120Nm.

Once set in the correct position, the rod end should be approximately 17mm (± 5mm) from the piston rod shoulder as shown in the Fig.3 above.

If the thread expires before achieving the correct setting, the splined crank arm will need to be repositioned.



# MANUAL DUMP VALVE INFORMATION

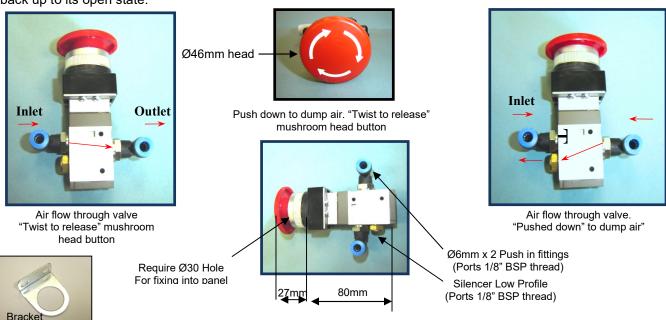
Dump valves are optional within the pneumatic system controlling the door(s). They are intended to be used when there is a requirement to evacuate (dump) the air from the door pneumatic system quickly. Such circumstances could be, but not limited to, the need to remove air from the system to service / maintain the doors or in cases of emergency when air in the system prohibits or impedes quick opening of the doors.

Air is evacuated from the system on the 'door' side of the dump valve. The air pressure is still maintained on the 'vehicle' side of the valve.

### **Push Dump Valve:**

Fitted with 6mm push in fittings + bracket

Generally, the air is evacuated by pushing down on the red mushroom head button. Due to its construction, the button will stay locked in the 'down' position. Air can be reintroduced to the doors by twisting the button, whereupon it will pop back up to its open state.



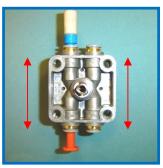
### **Rotary Dump Valve:**

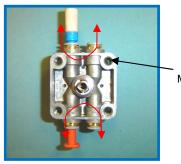
Fitted with 6mm push in fittings + Bracket

Generally, the air is evacuated by rotating in direction of arrow. Due to its construction, the valve will stay locked in position. Air can be reintroduced to the doors by twisting the handle backwards to its open state.



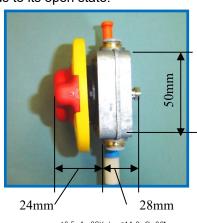


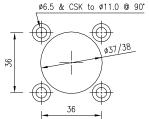




4-Fixing positions M6x1.0 thread form

Air flow through valve. All ports are 6mm push in fittings





**Cut-Out Details** 



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# N.O. REED SWITCHES & SENSITIVE EDGE LOW PRESSURE SWITCH SETTING CHECK INSTRUCTIONS

### **IMAGES ARE SHOWN AS VIEWED FROM INSIDE VEHICLE-OUT**

The Entrance or Exit Door Ways must be fully installed and operating correctly, pre-set as below before final setting. It may be necessary to make a fine adjustment to the reed-switches & low pressure switch to suit operation of the door systems.

1/ Air pressure set @ 6.5 bar ±0.5

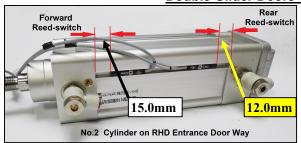
2/ Double Glider Doors: Cylinders speeds Opening 2.0 to 3.0sec Closing 2.5 to 3.5sec 3/ Single Glider Door: Cylinder speeds Opening 2.0 to 3.0sec Closing 3.0 to 3.5sec

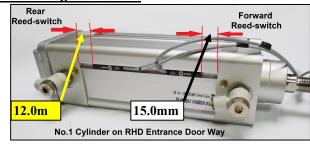
Notes:

Basic sensitive edge test piece will not meet any legal PASS, used only to confirm system is operating use object approximately Width= 50, Height =60 to 100, Length 350mm min.

You must consult the sensitive edge safety operation specification that is required to suit country and local authority

**Double Glider Doors Reed-switches Setting Instruction** 



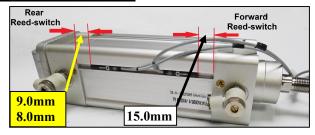


### Single Glider Door Reed-switches Setting Instruction



For Single Door final setting of 1/3<sup>rd</sup> anti-clock wise from lamp "ON".

For Double Doors as calibrated



### WLND Low Pressure Switch Calibration Instruction If Required

### Stage.1 Screw (METAL) On underside of pressure switch

- 1. Gently rotate air screw in a clockwise direction until fully in.
- 2. Then rotate air screw out 1- turn anti-clockwise
- 3. Setting Tolerance: + 0.0, 0.25 (1/4) of a turn.

### Stage.2 Screw (GREY) On Top side of pressure switch

With pipe from nosing rubber connected to pressures switch,

Attach a lamp or continuity tester.

**IMPORTANT:** Pressure switch **must not** be connected to vehicle electrical system when setting pressure switch.

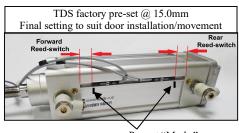
(Disconnect 2-way PLUG for white and yellow cables).

- 1. Gently rotate TOP screw in a clockwise direction until LAMP is "on".
- 2. Then rotate TOP screw out  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a turn anti-clockwise
- 3. Setting Tolerance: Min **0.0**. Max **1.0** full turn.

Pressure switch should now be set correctly to increase sensitivity turn top screw clockwise.

**Do not** screw Anti-Clockwise more than 3/4qty of a turn Max

### **DETAILS BELOW ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY FOR CYL075U ACTUATORS**



Pre-set "Marks"

- 1: Using TDS 63mm bore cylinders fitted with Normal Open reed-switches.
- 2: The magnetic operating tolerance dimension are taken from ends of cylinder body extrusion as shown.

Min setting @ 8.0mm & Max setting @ 20.0mm

- 4: Finer adjustment can be made to suit door installation & movement on cylinder as required on final setting.
- 5: When calculating position of reed-switches it is all ways best to start with reed-switch away from piston magnet. Setting dimension being 0.0, then moving reed-switch toward magnet as if piston is coming towards reed switch, using tester to get correct signal. For minium position, moveing pass magnet signal drops off then back in opposite direction untill signal, this is then the Maxium position for action of piston magnet movement.



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Mark

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# ADJUSTABLE SENSITIVE EDGE LOW PRESSURE SWITCH

# Fault finding check list

### FOR RE-CALIBRATION OF PRESSURE SWITCH P/No: ELE051K SEE INSTRUCTION SHEET INST-100-16D @ 3

- 1:1 Check electrical signal from pressure switch by shorting out contacts with door in open Position, either relay will energize and solenoid will activate.
- 1:1.1. Check silver pipe is connected to lower port on pressure switch see fig.1

### No response.

1:1.2. Check operation of spool valve, open/close door electrically & pneumatic vie buttons

### No response

1:1.3 Use manual over rides on spool valve to check operation of valve see fig.3

### No response

- 1:1.4 Check air pressure
- 2:1 Check for power (pos & neg) supplies to coils and relay. Repeat 1a.
- 2:2 Check relay operation by neg feed to (-) No 1. When active will illuminate
- 2:3 Check pressure switch by pulsing air into lower port see fig.1
- 3:1 Check sensitive edge with door in open position remove pipe (silver).from pressure switch, Depress nosing rubber and a small puff of air will exhaust from pipe. Need to place pipe Against cheek or wet end to indicate air signal.

### No response.

- 3:1.1 Check silver pipe from pressure switch to nosing rubber for kinking
- 3:1.2 Check for cuts or holes in nosing rubber
- 3:1.3 Check for top & bottom bungs are in place and not leaking by soapy water over end and Then depress nosing rubber. If bubbles appear reseal end with mastic
- 4:1 Circuit drawing=PWL303. REV.1.
- Sensitivity of sensitive edge system

Above 5kph (3mph) sensitive edge normally isolated. So edge can't be activated to open doors or detection is 5:1 If doors open on their own when fully close and below 5kph the sensitive edge may be too sensitive and activating from vibration of vehicle.

5:1.1 Detection of sensitive edge is too LIGHT requires adjustment as shown in Fig.2.

### 5:1.2 If doors open just when doors are fully closed.

Nosing rubbers on leading edge of doors are too close and are compressing together sending signal to open doors.

1= Require door adjustment.. 2=Reed switch(s) setting to cut off detection is to late, requires adjustment.

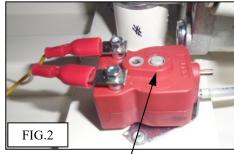
### 5:1.4 When doors go to close from fully open position and re-open before closing.

5:1.5 Bottom edge of leading nosing rubbers are catching, rubbing on step, floor or an obstruction. Rubbers require adjusting to give clearance on door travel, Remove obstruction.

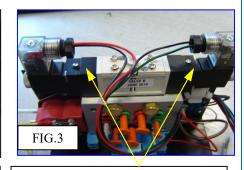
5:1.6



Fit 4mm tube to lower port for "RISING pressure detection"



Adjusting screw Clockwise=heavy detection Anti-clockwise=light detection

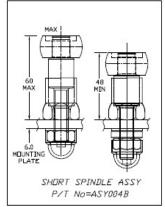


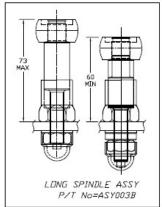
Pneumatic override buttons to open or close door(s)



# DOORGUIDE SPINDLES REMOVAL & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION







- Operate door to the fully open position then you must turn Electric OFF if Electric actuator or Dump Air if Pneumatically operated. (See Fig.1 & Fig.1a).
- 2. Mark up position of guide spindle as shown before removal (See Fig.2).
- 3. Remove plastic cap and remove lock nut, washer & spacer. (See Fig.3).
- **4.** Lean spindle towards you and remove (See Fig.4).
- 5. Record dimension between top of door guide bracket and inside guide channel (See fig.5)
- 6. Replace Door guide Spindle Assy.
- 7. Remove cap, lock nut, spacer & washer. Adjust replacement spindle adjust to suit clearance/dimension between top of roller and face of guide channel.
- Door guide spindle with (fit spacer to suit), washer and lock nut are fitted, hold collar with spanner or fingers and rotate spindle either by hand or with 7mm spanner until a GAP of 3-4mm between top of roller and inside of guide channel. (See Fig.6 & 6a)
- 9. Tighten up nut until locking washer is flat then \( \frac{1}{2} \) turn or toque to 50 Nm whichever is greater, fit plastic cap nut, job done (See Fig.7)
- **10.** If removing Door guide bracket mark up as shown before (See Fig.8)
- 11. Upper Door Guide Roller Assy: Spindle & bracket is set & secured correctly and is running smoothly in the Integral track on underside of shelf-plate and is not distorting when door is in the fully open position.
- 12. If guide spindle is leaning(distorted) when door is under air/electric operation in the fully open position then doorguide bracket will have to be moved left or right to correct this.





















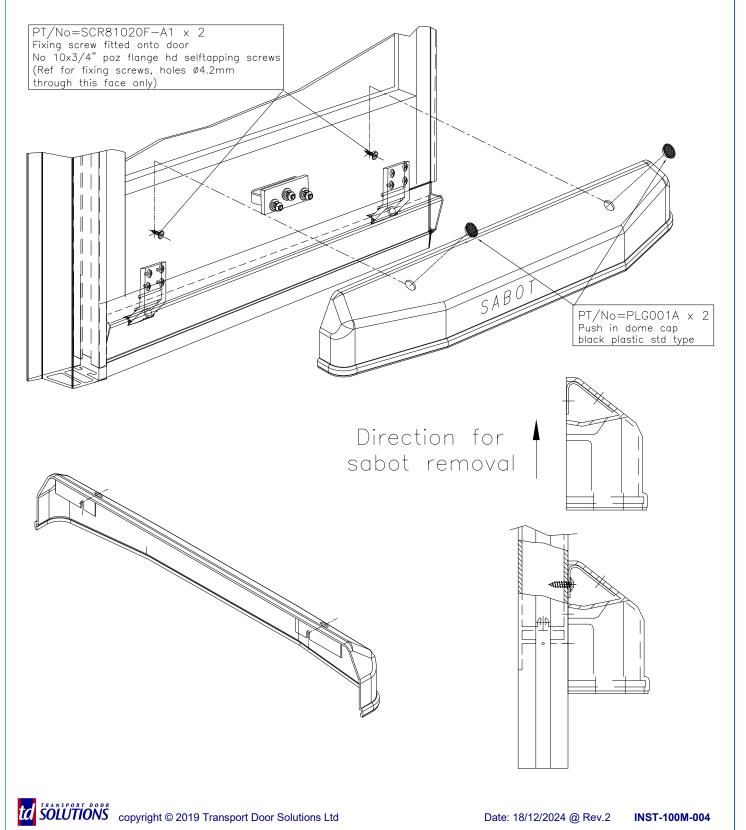


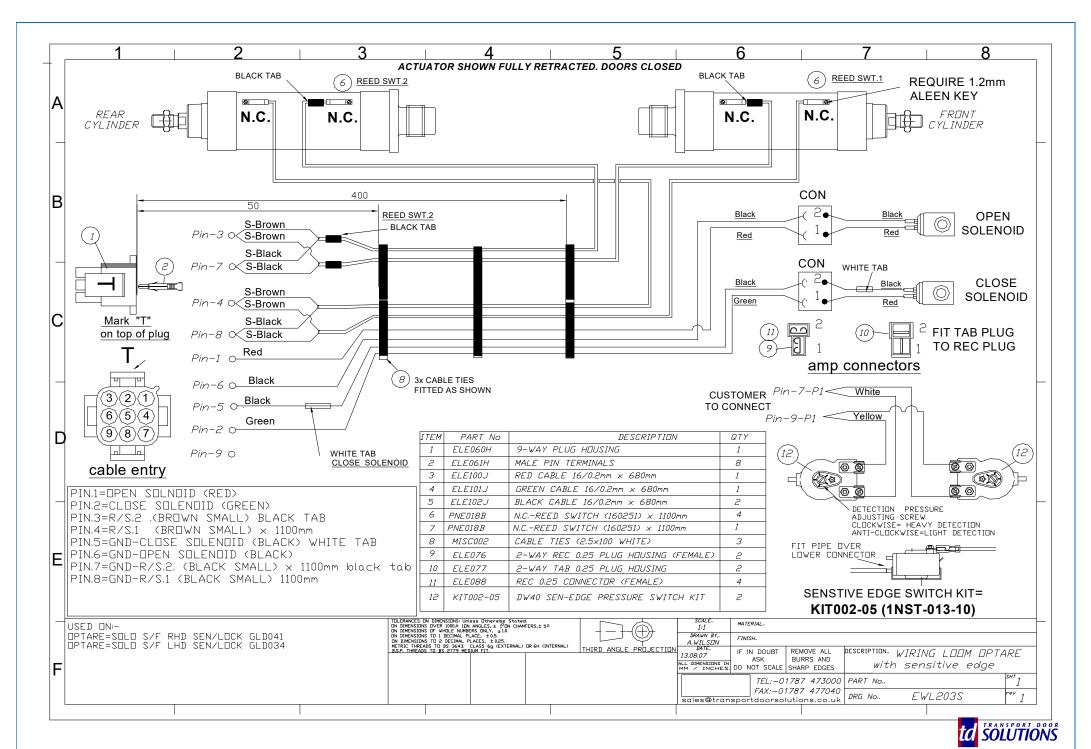
# **SABOT REMOVAL & FITTING INSTRUCTION**

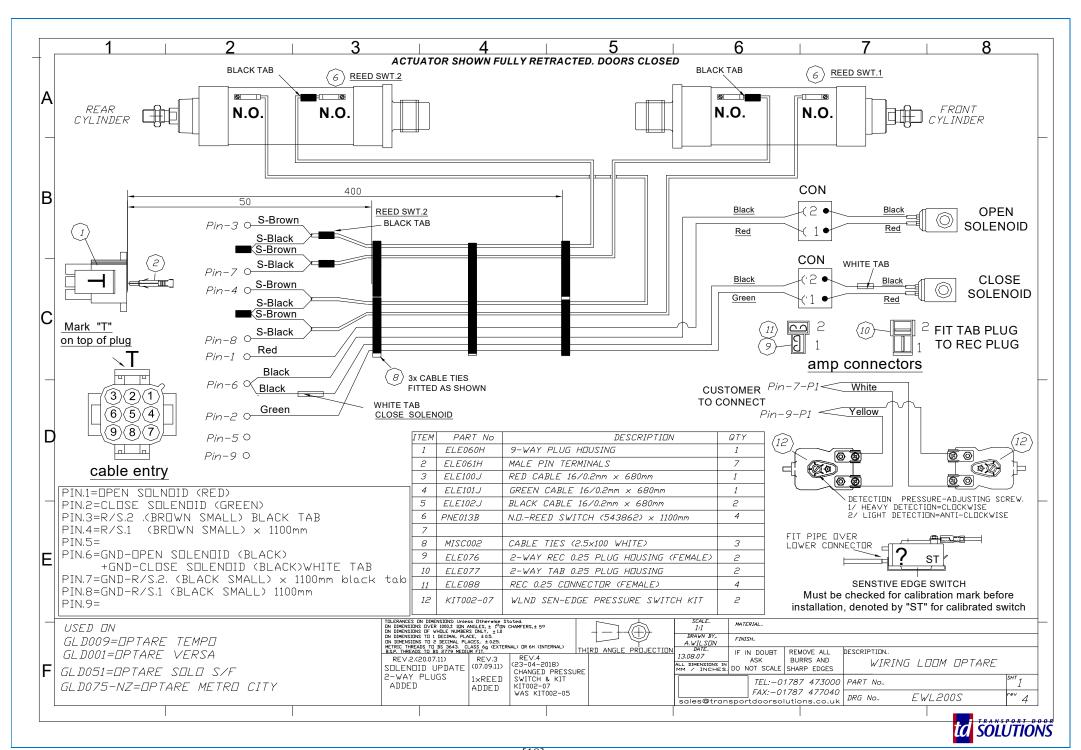
1st: Remove Black plastic cap either pushing up & out from underneath sabot or prise out from under lip of plug on front face carefully.

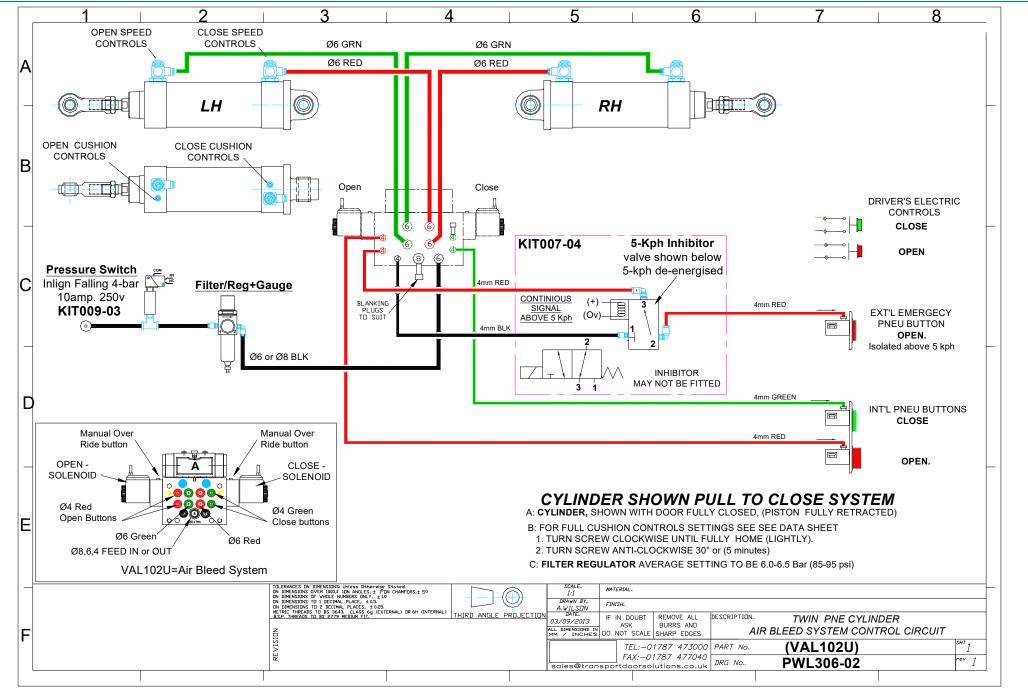
2nd: Using PZ2 bit screw driver, slacken off fixing screws approx 2-turns anti-clockwise (do not remove screws)

3rd: Slide ABS/STEEL Sabot in a upward direction to remove sabot. Revese action to refit sabots

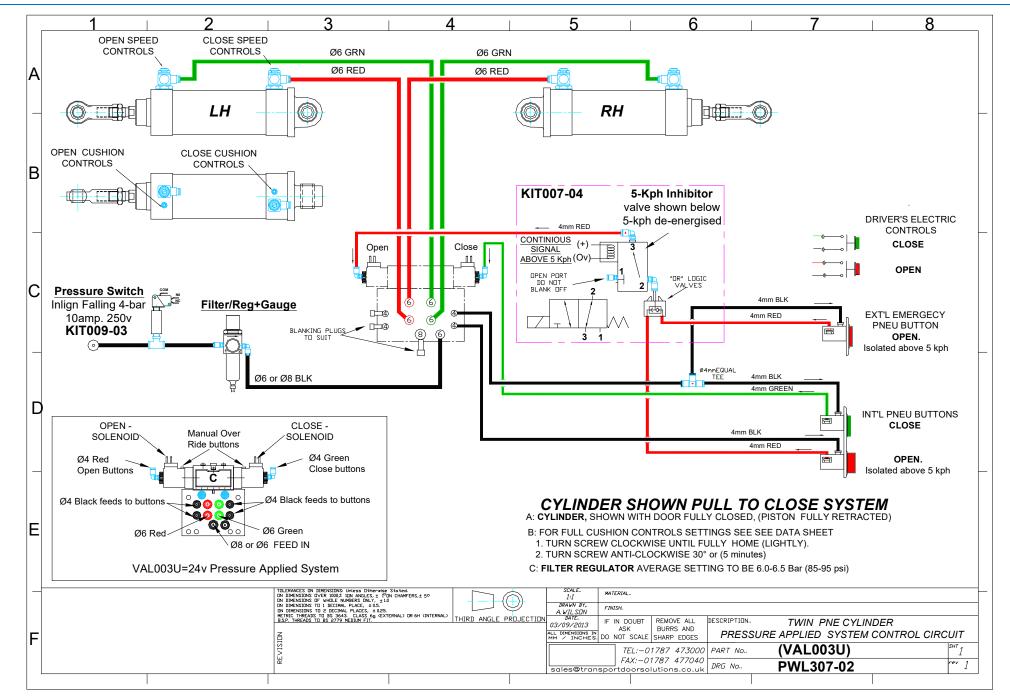


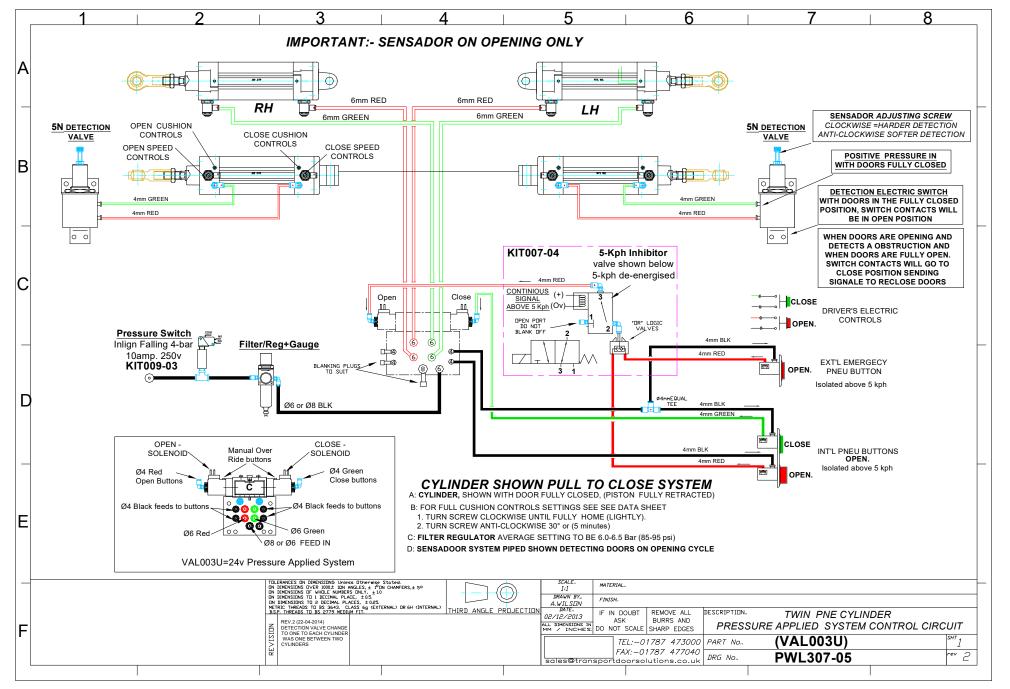








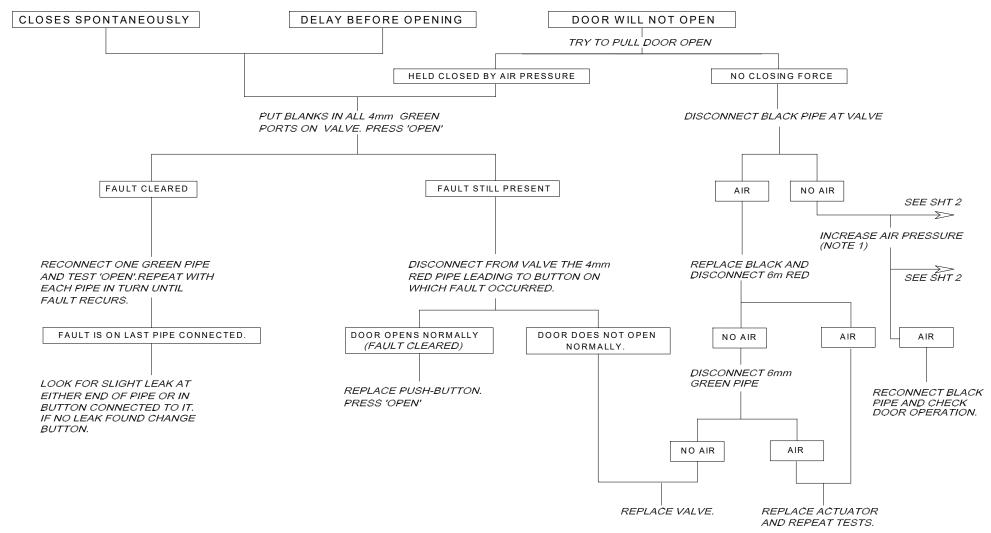






(Sheet 1)

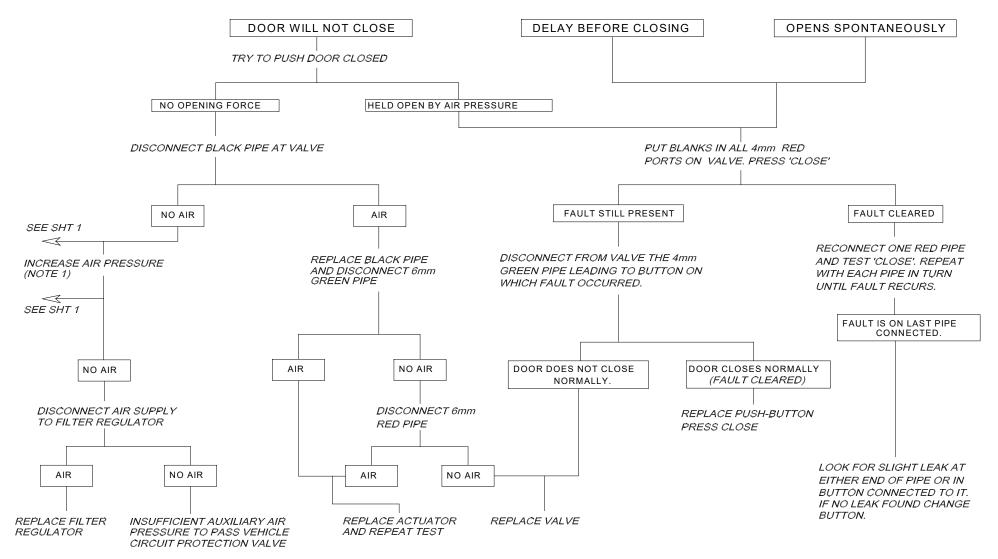
### AIR-BLEED DOOR CONTROL SYSTEM





(Sheet 2)

### AIR-BLEED DOOR CONTROL SYSTEM

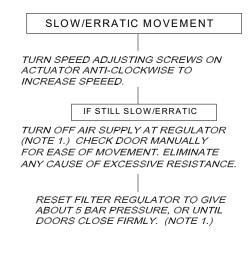


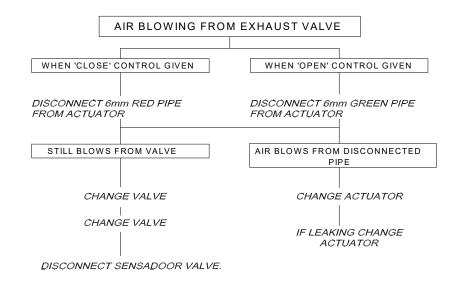


(Sheet 3)

### AIR-BLEED DOOR CONTROL SYSTEM

# INCREASE PRESSURE AT FILTER REGULATOR. (NOTE 1) IF DOOR STILL LOOSE ADJUST PISTON-ROD END TO SHORTEN PISTON-ROD





### TO ADJUST PRESSURE REGULATOR

LIFT BLACK LOCKING KNOB AND TURN CLOCKWISE TO INCREASE PRESSURE -ANTI-CLOCKWISE TO REDUCE PRESSURE AND TURN THE AIR OFF INTO THE DOOR PNEUMATIC SYSTEM. WHEN ALL CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE RETURN THE AIR TO DOOR SYSTEM WORKING PRESSURE OF 5.5 BAR (85 psi) WITHIN GREEN ZONE ON PRESSURE GAUGE.

### TO REMOVE THE CRANK ARM FROM THE STUB SHAFT

UNSCREW THE HEXAGON HEADED SCREW ON TOP OF THE CRANK ARM ABOUT 10mm. STRIKE THE HEAD OF THE SCREW TO RELEASE THE CRANK FROM THE SPLINE. PLACE A WEDGE UNDER THE DOOR FOR SUPPORT - REMOVE SCREW AND CRANK ARM.

WHEN RE-ASSEMBLING ENSURE THAT THE CRANK ARM IS 40 TO THE BODY SIDE WITH THE DOOR IN THE CLOSED POSITION UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

3 SENSITIVE EDGE/ OBSTACLE DETECTION DEVICE FUNCTION.

IF FITTED MUST BE ISOLATED ELECTRICAL BY DISCONNECTING TERMINALS

ON E.P. VALVE

OR PNEUMATICALLY BY PLUGGING SEN/PORTS

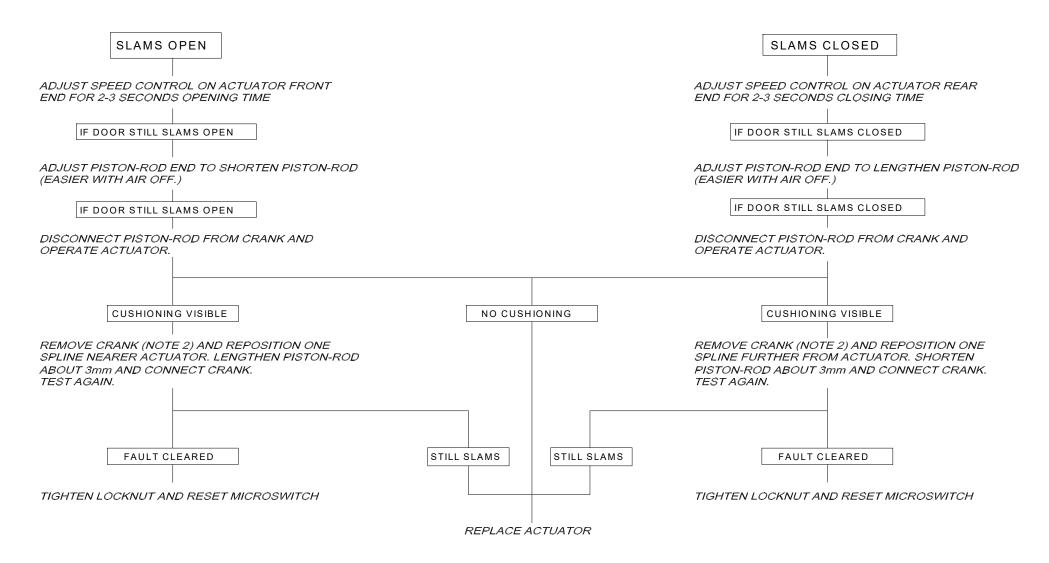
BEFORE CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS ARE MADE. THIS TO AVOID ANY

MISLEADING SIGNALS



(Sheet 4)

### AIR-BLEED DOOR CONTROL SYSTEM







# SHEET FOR NOTES/COMMENTS >

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